Metadata Collection for Performance Analysis

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The PerfTrack Project

- PerfTrack is a tool for storing, exploring, and analyzing performance data
- Our Approach:
 - Collect and store as much information as possible about each build and run of an application
 - Integrate database technology into a performance analysis tool
 - Store a wide variety of performance data
 - · Data from different measurement tools
 - Tracing, DPCL, Paradyn, TAU, Vampir, Speedshop, HW counters, etc.
 - Native application performance measurements





- Design goal: No knowledge of database technology or vocabulary should be required to use PerfTrack
- Design goal: PerfTrack must be scalable to 1000s of program runs and 100,000s of performance results
- Design goal: PerfTrack must be flexible enough to store data from different measurement tools and different types of performance studies
- Design goal: PerfTrack must be extensible to accommodate future innovations in measurement and analysis
- Design goal: PerfTrack should not be limited to a specific DBMS package for its data store





- Data Collection Scripts:
 - Build environment
 - Run environment
 - Performance Data
- PTdataStore interface:
 - Shelters PerfTrack user from the DBMS
 - Perftrack Data Format (PTDF)
- Data navigation and analysis
 - PerfTrack GUIs
 - Command line interface
 - Direct SQL query





- Performance Result: a measured value
 - Metric: cpu time, wall clock time, wait time
 - Context: whole program? One function? One process?
 - Value: result of measuring a metric in a context
- Everything is a resource: machine, node, process, function, execution ...
 - Resource attribute:
 - Execution timestamp, build, machine, etc.
 - · Compiler version
 - Resource type
 - · Hierarchical or non-hierarchical





Build Application

```
ptbuild.py --app umt2k --pathToExe ./umt2k --srcDir . -V
```

This collects information about the build, such as the machine the application was built on, the compilers used, and environment variables that were set during the build.

build

Time stampEnvironmentVariables

operatingSystem

- •Name
 •Release
- •Version

machine

Name

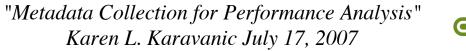
compiler

- •Flags
- Include paths
- Libraries
- Path to compiler
- Vendor
- Version
- •MPI script used
- MPI script flags
- Path to MPI script
- MPI script include paths
- MPI script libraries
- •MPI script library paths

module

- Path to library
- Size
- Timestamp
- Type







Build Attributes

- BUILD: Date, Time, Environment Variables
- BUILD/MODULE: Path, Size, Timestamp
- COMPILER:
 CompileFlags,IncludePaths,Libraries,LibraryPaths,mpiScriptCompilerFlags,mpiScriptLibraries,mpiScriptLibraryPaths,mpiScriptName,mpiScriptPath,Path
- ENVIRONMENT/MODULE: LibraryDynamic, Path,Size,Timestamp,Type



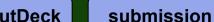


Execute Application

--batchFile psub.script --inputDeck "opacfile, rtin, smartin" ptrun.py --app umt2k --exeName ./umt2k

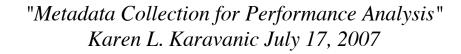
This collects information about the execution, such as the machine the application was run on, and environment variables that were set during the execution.

environment operatingSystem machine inputDeck execution App-specific values Name •Name Name Permissions on exe Mod time •Release Time stamp Version node Number of processes module Number of threads •Name Concurrency model Path to library (MPI, OpenMP) Size Environment variables Timestamp Languages in application Type User who ran application processes •Rank threads



- Time stamp
- Name of batch file
 - Commands in batch file
 - Run command
 - Environment variables set in batch file





•Rank



Execute Application

performanceTool

- •Name
- Version

metric

Name

time

- Name
- Start Time
- •End Time

interval

- •Name
- Start Time
- End Time

subinterval

- Name
- Start Time
- End Time

performanceResults

- •Metric
- Performance tool
- Value
- Units
- Start time
- End time
- Execution





Execution Attributes

- Concurrency
- Environment Variables
- Executable:
 - GID, Name, Permissions, Size, Timestamp, UID, j
- Job:
 - CompletionTime, Exit Status, Nodes, Resources Used, StartTime
- Languages
- Launch Date, Time
- NumberOfProcesses
- PageSize
- ProcessesPerNode, ThreadsPerProcess
- RunErrorMsg # any error messages from the job
- Username
- UsesMPI/OpenMP/Pthreads





PerfTrack Design: Generic Database Schema

resource_item

id Integer name Varchar2(255) type Varchar2(255)

type_id Integer parent Integer

resource_attribute

res_id Integer name Varchar2(255) value Varchar2(255) type Varchar2(255)

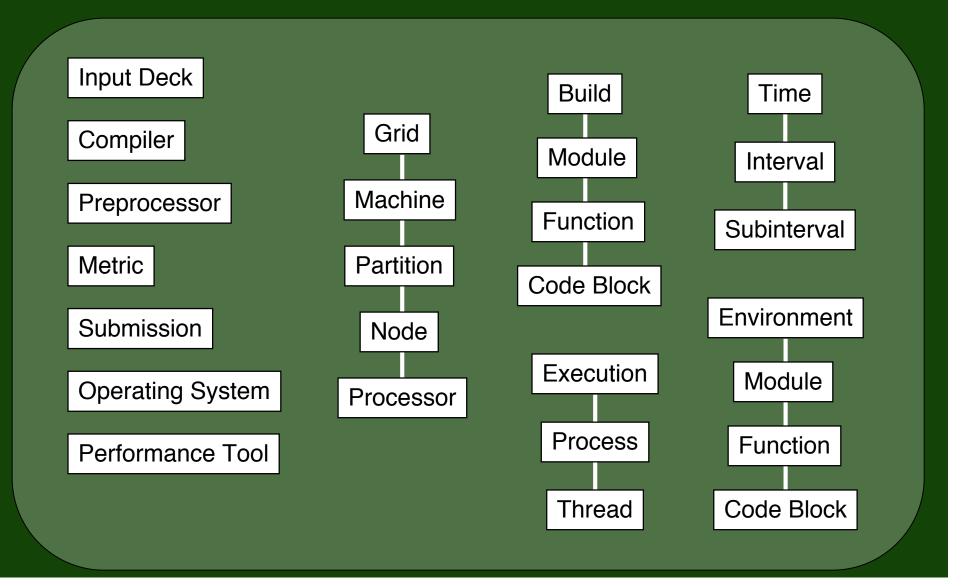
resource_constraint

from Integer to Integer





PerfTrack Design: Base Resource Types







PerfTrack Data Format (PTdf):

ResourceType resourceTypeName

Application appName

Execution execName appName

Resource resourceName resourceTypeName execName Resource resourceName resourceTypeName

ResourceAttribute resourceName attributeName attributeValue attributeType

ResourceConstraint resourceName1 resourceName2

PerfResult execName resourceSet perfToolName metricName value units startTime endTime





Flexible Schema: PERI project example

Base Resource Types

- Grid
- Build
- Environment
- Compiler
- Time
- Operating System
- Execution
- Input Deck
- Preprocessor
- Performance Tool
- Submission
- Metric

Custom resource types

- File System
- FileSystem/device

Custom Attributes

- Submission: Batch queue Entry
- Submission: PBS resources



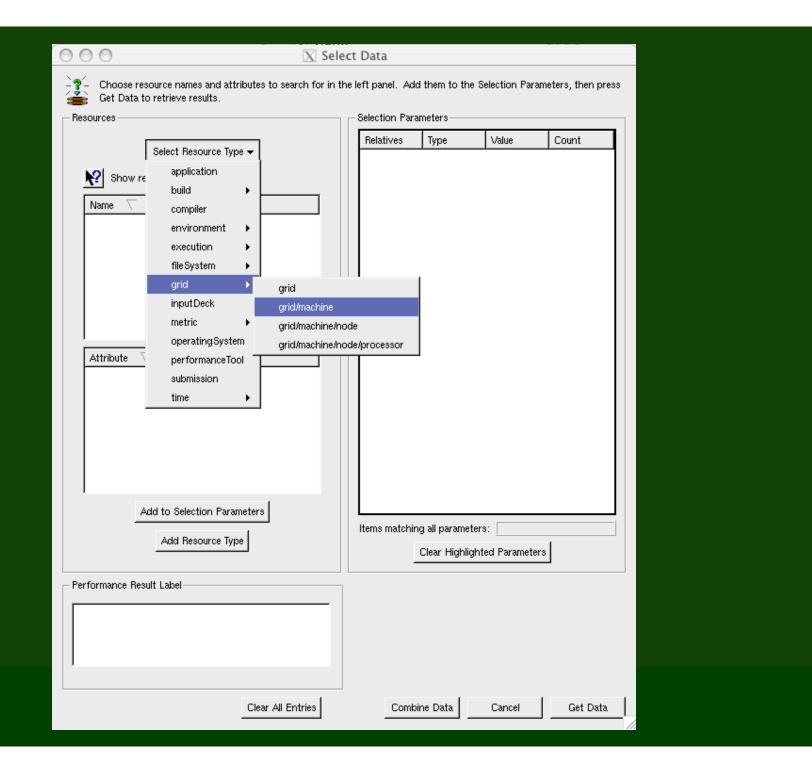


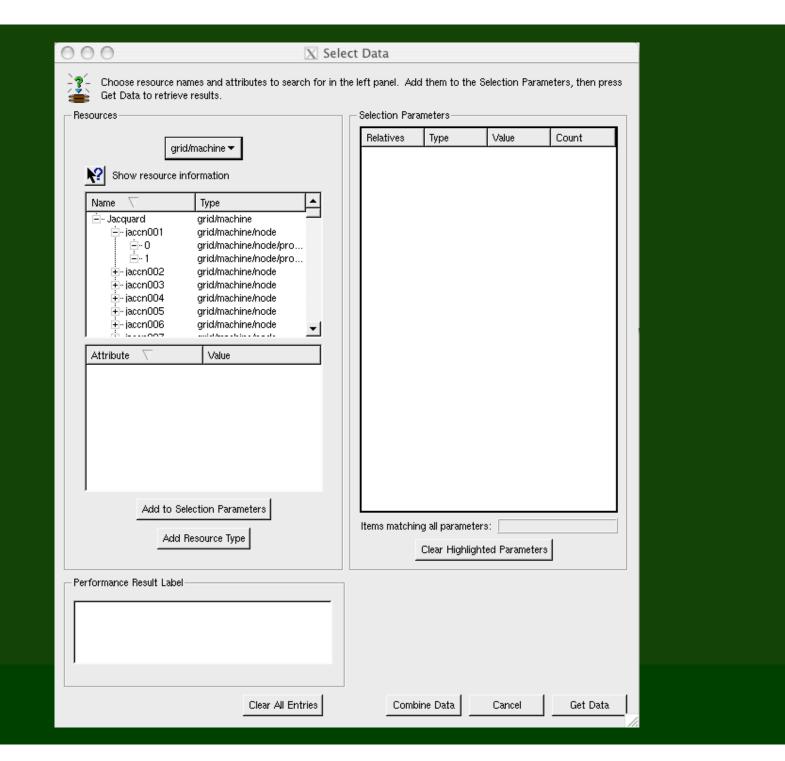
Submission Attributes

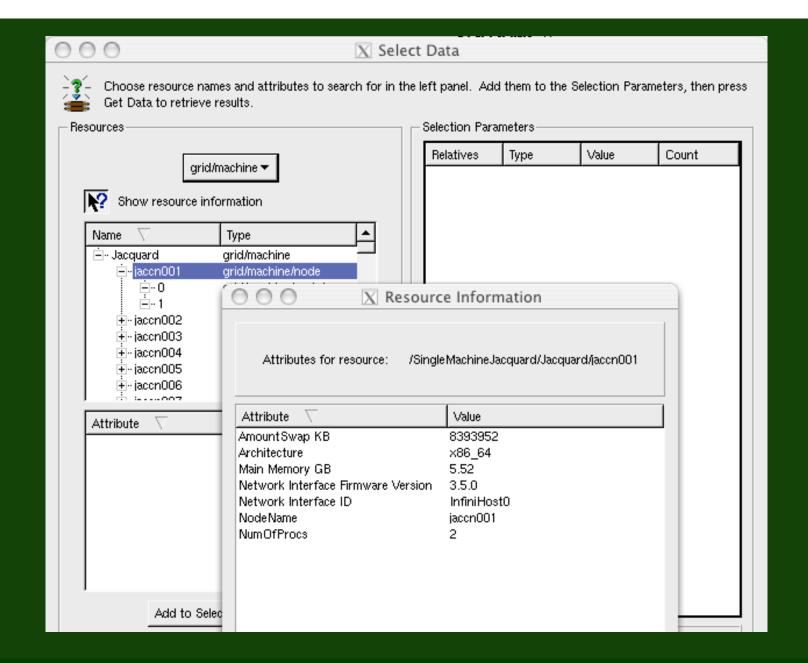
- batchCmd # commands in the batch file
- batchFile
 - batchFileDateTime
- batchQueueEntry # entries in the queue at the time of submit
- launcher
 - launcherVersion
- machinePartition
- PBS Resources
- runCmd # run commands in the batch file

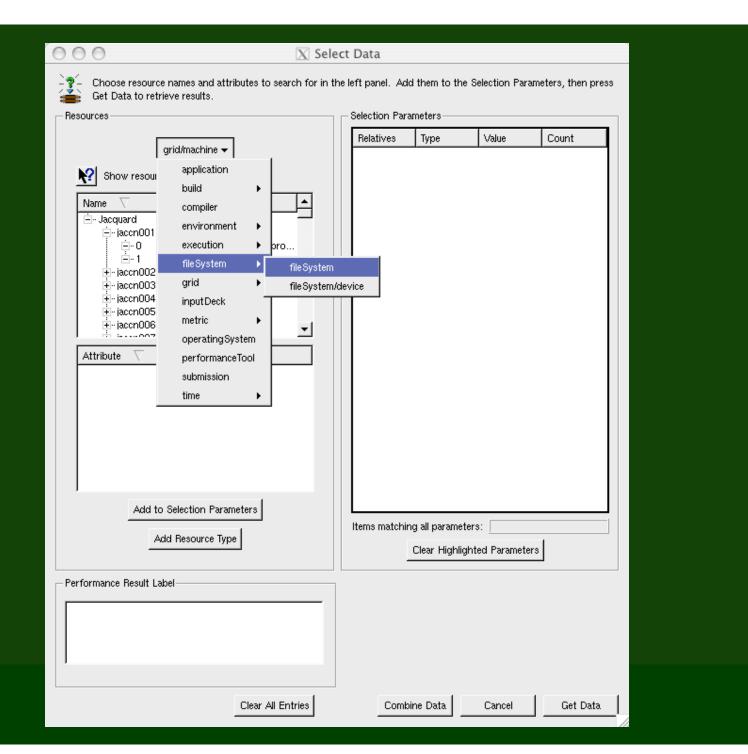


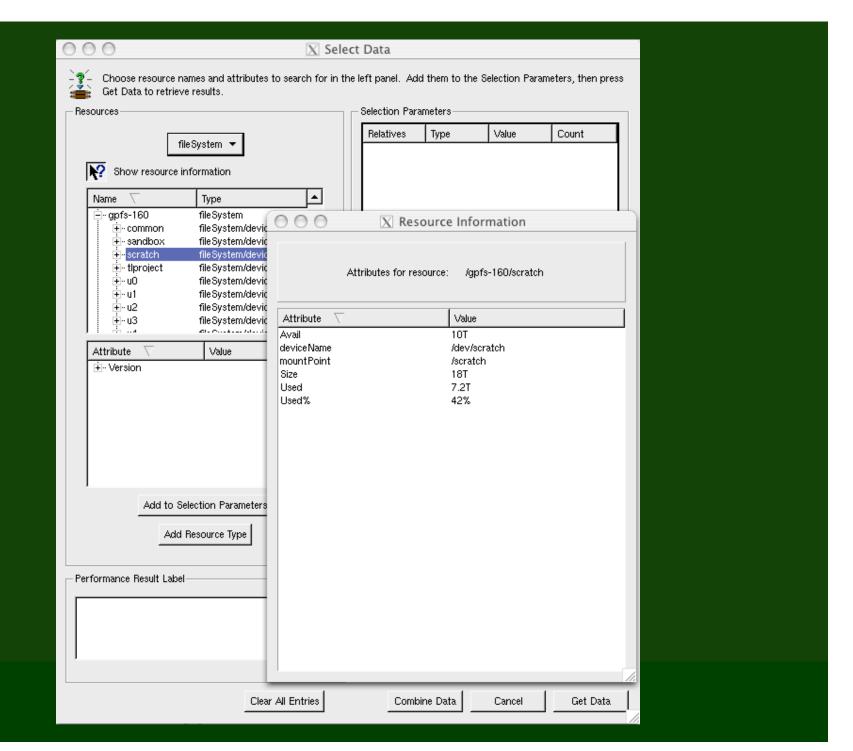


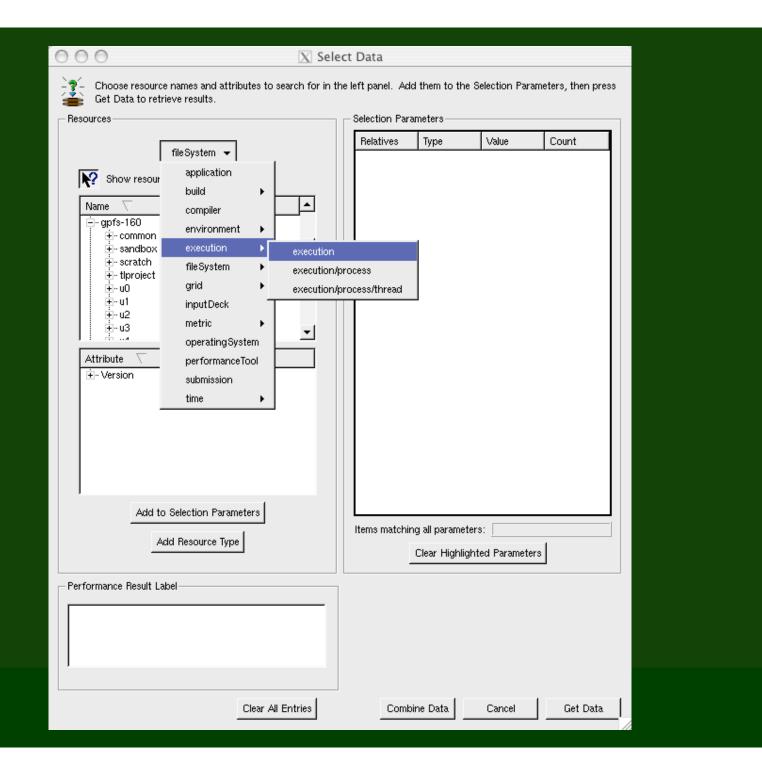


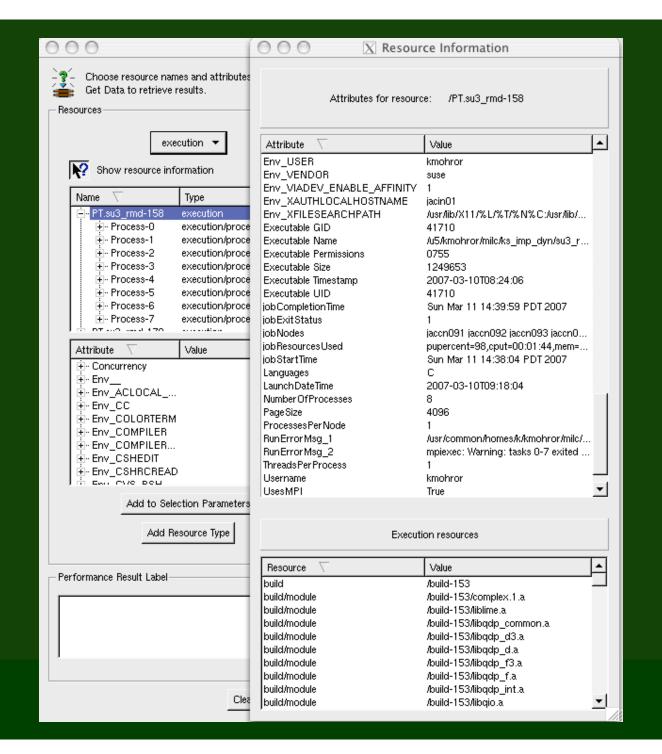


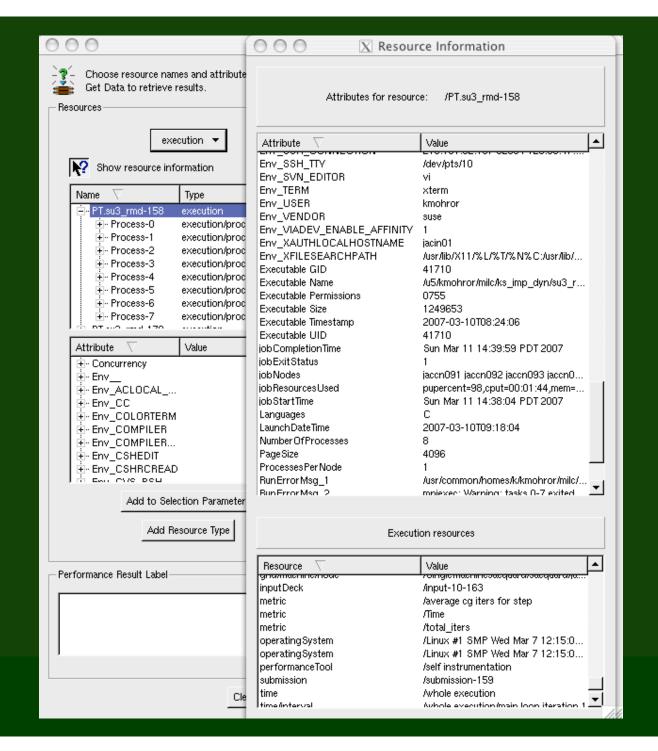


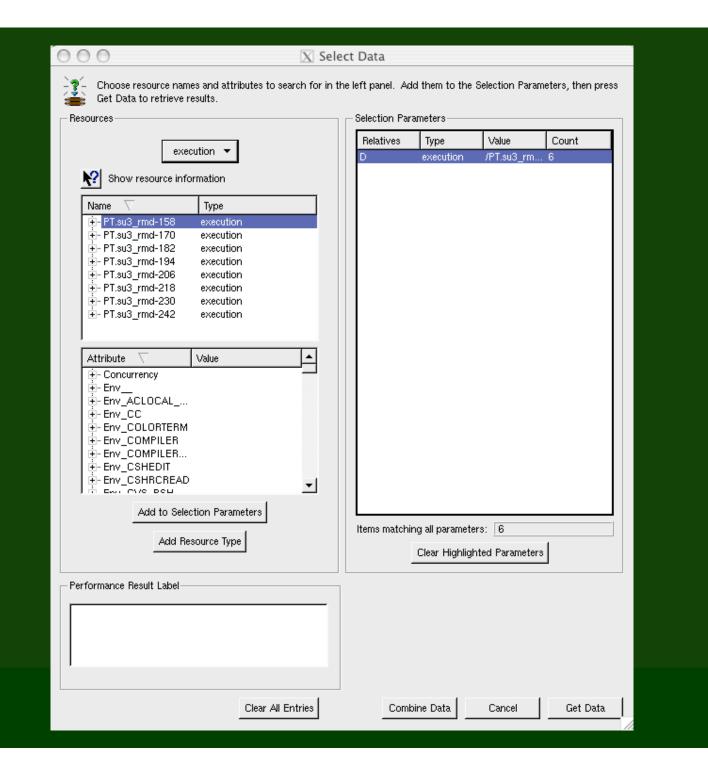


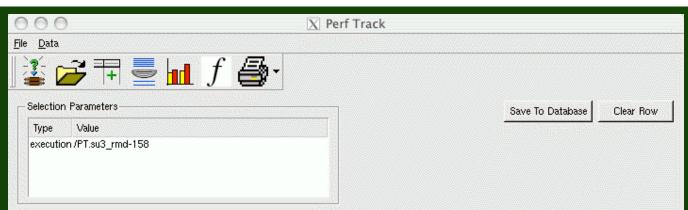




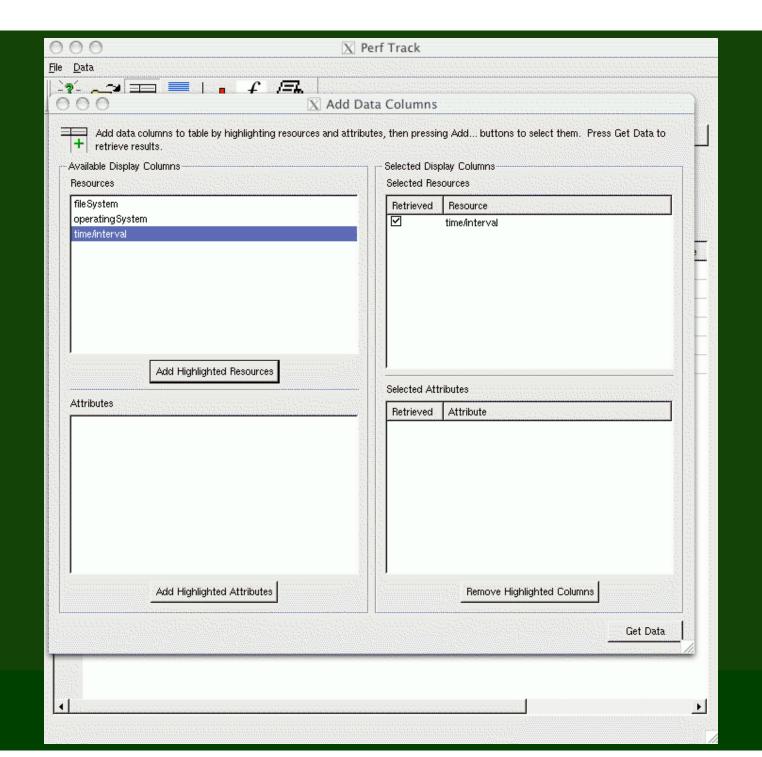


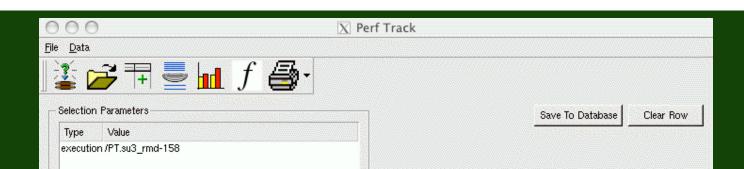




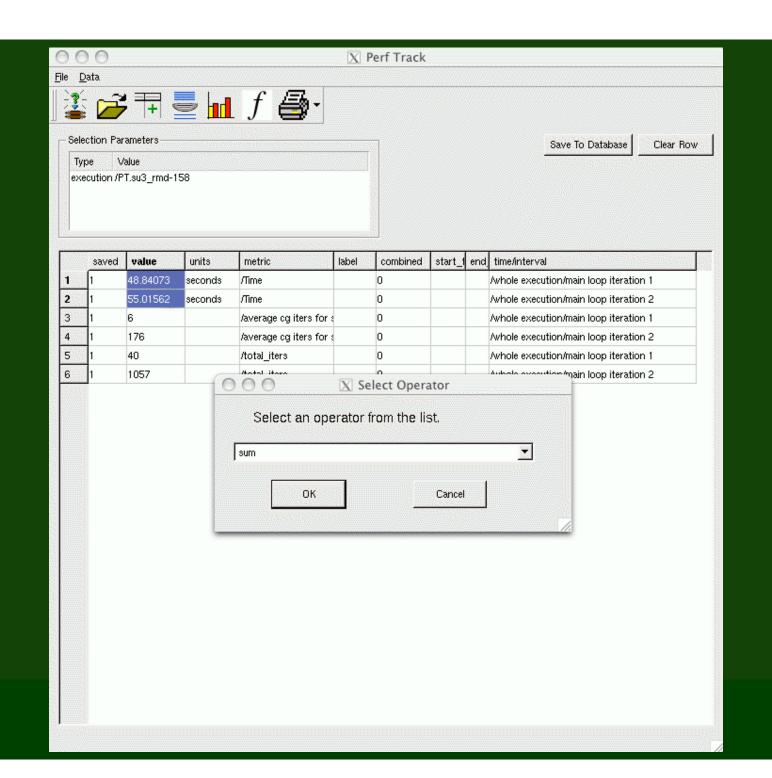


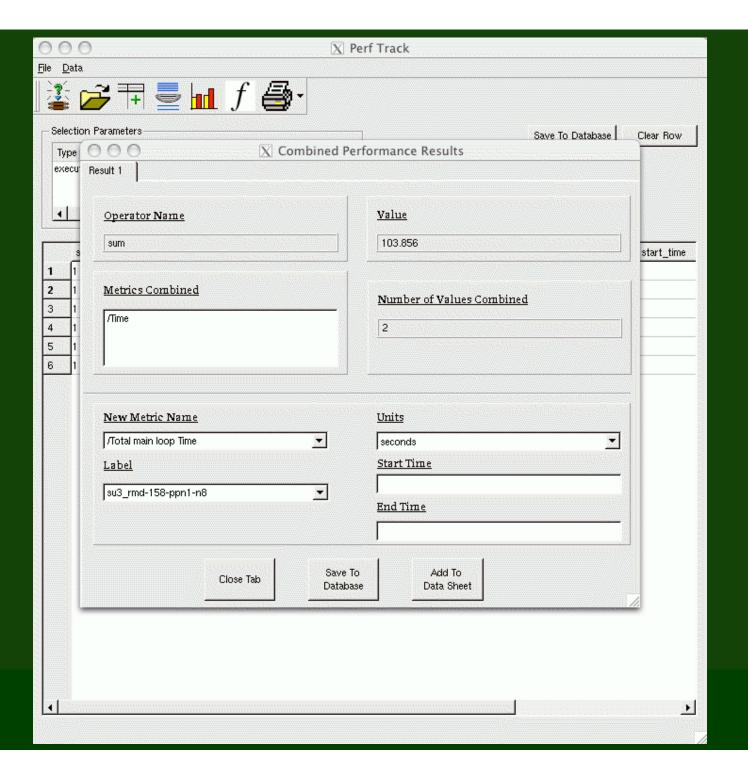
	saved	value	units	metric	label	combined	start_time
1	1	6		/average cg iters for :		0	
2	1	48.84073	seconds	/Time		0	
3	1	40		/total_iters		0	
4	1	176		/average cg iters for :		0	
5	1	55.01562	seconds	/Time		0	
6	1	1057		/total_iters		0	

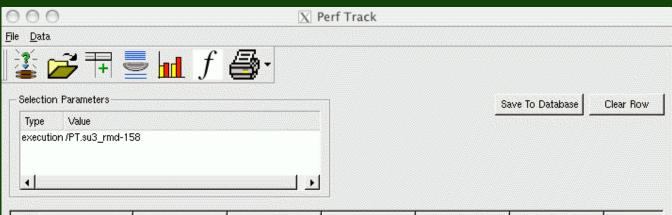


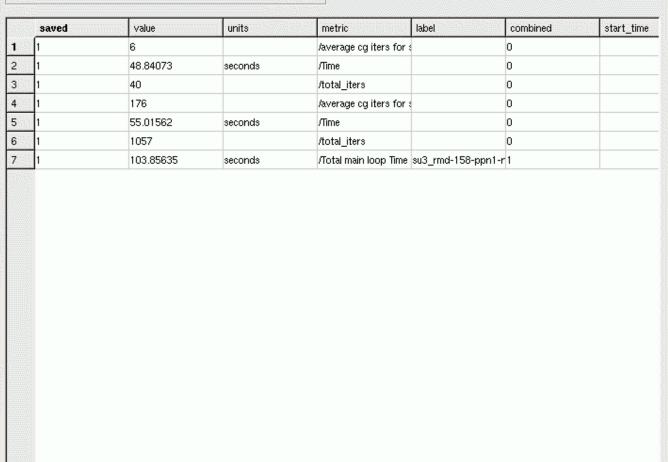


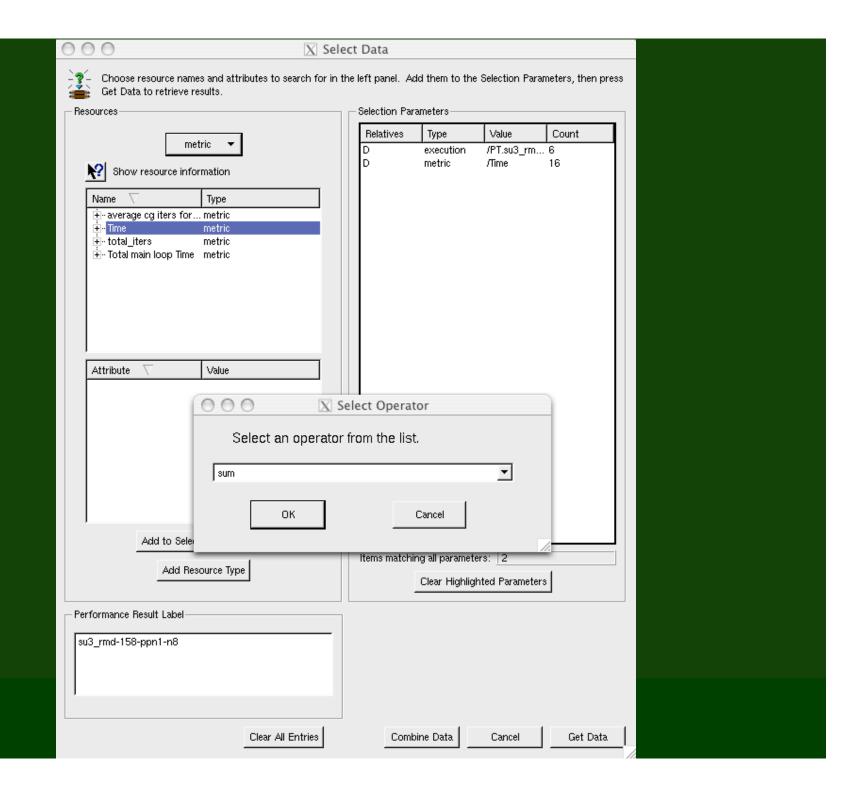
	saved	value	units	metric	label	combined	start_1	end	time/interval	1
1	1	48.84073	seconds	/Time		0			/whole execution/main loop iteration 1	
2	1	55.01562	seconds	/Time		0			/whole execution/main loop iteration 2	
3	1	6		/average cg iters for		0			/whole execution/main loop iteration 1	
4	1	176		/average cg iters for		0			/whole execution/main loop iteration 2	
5	1	40		/total_iters		0			/whole execution/main loop iteration 1	
6	1	1057		/total_iters		0			Awhole execution/main loop iteration 2	1

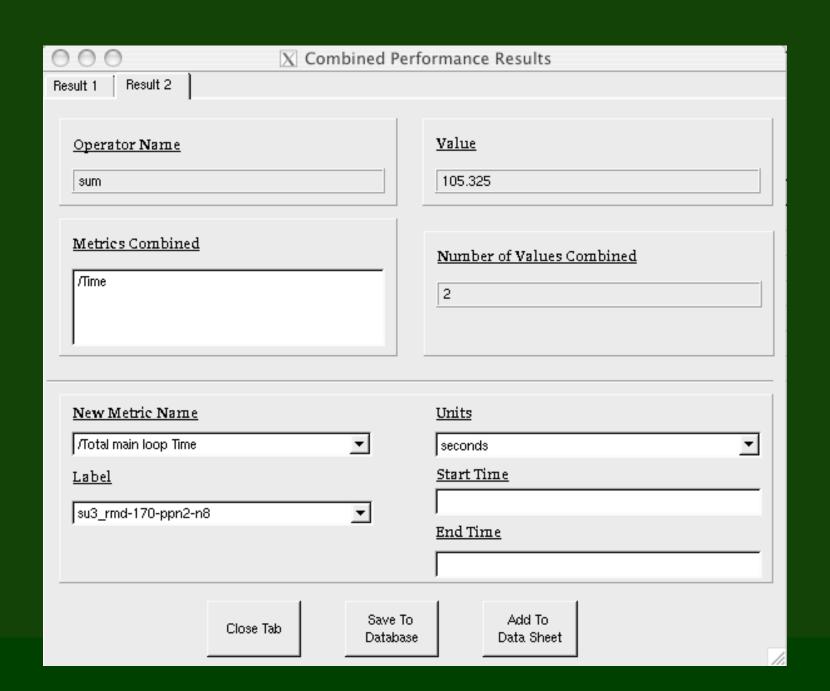


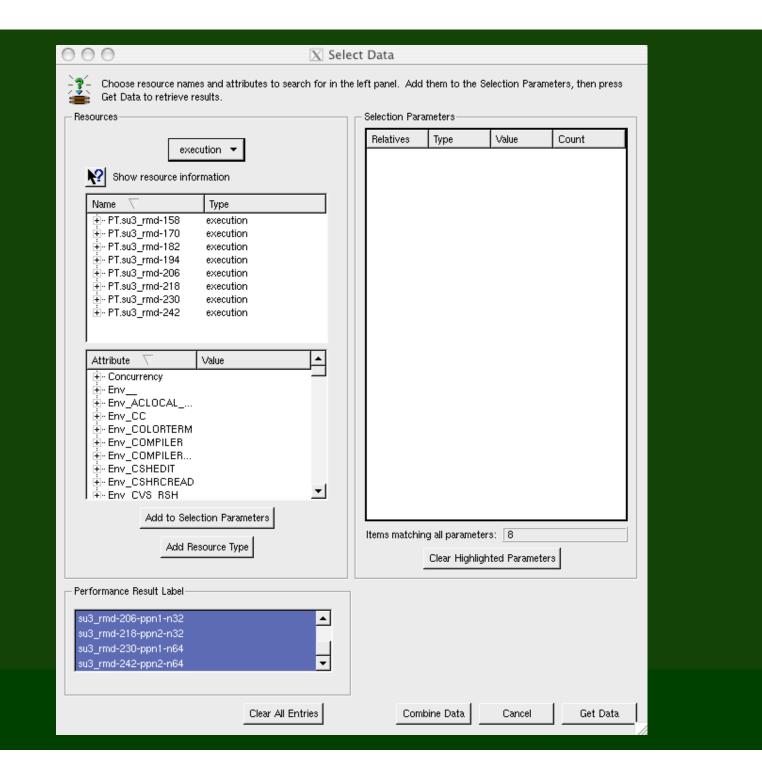


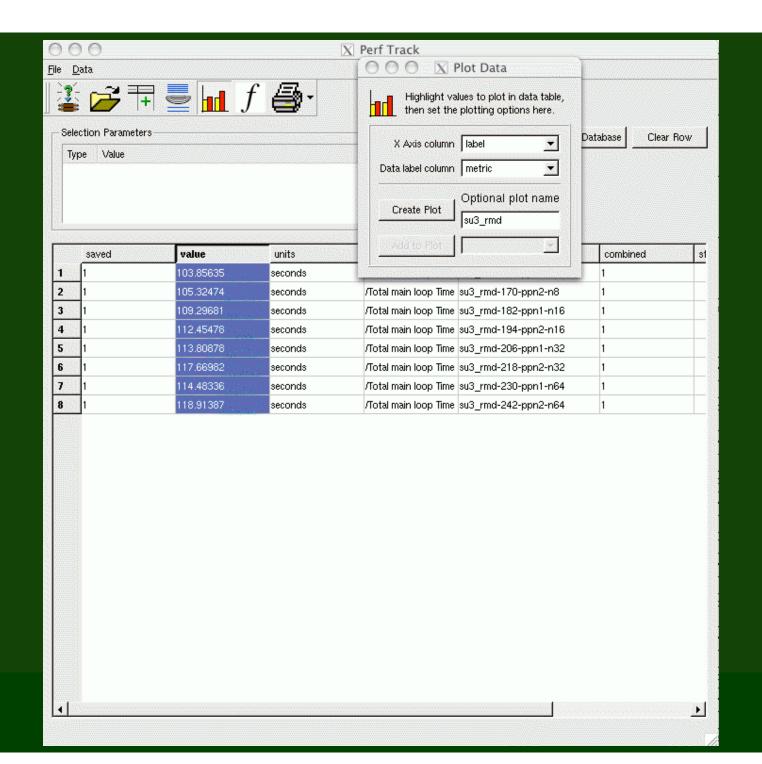


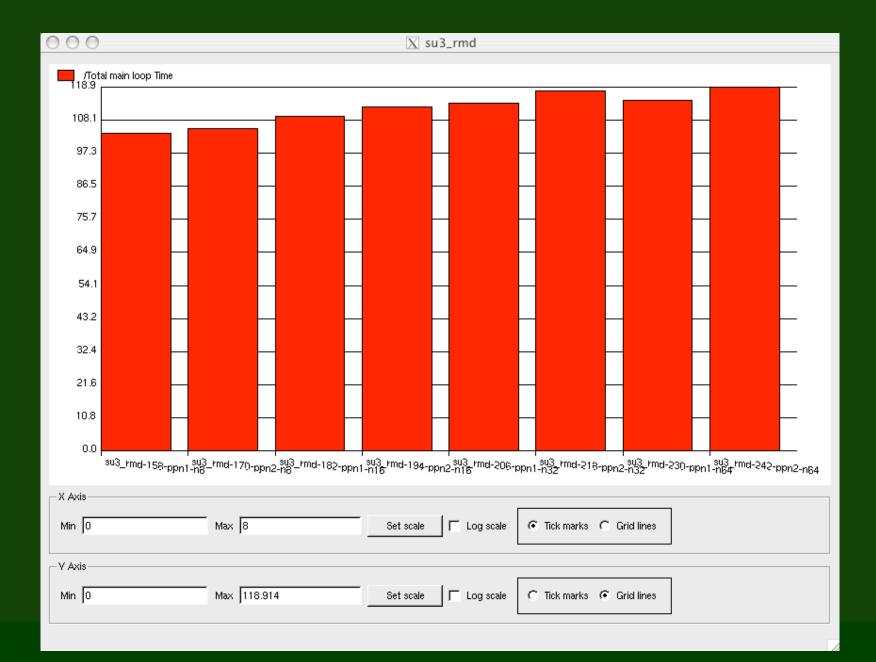


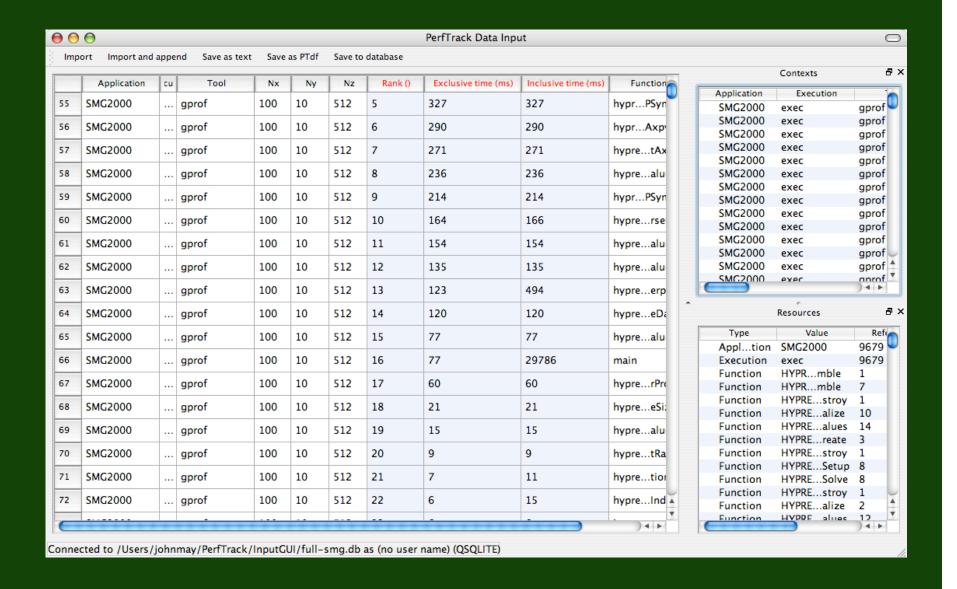
















How do people want to use PerfTrack?

- Traditional Performance Analysis/Tuning
- Fully automated performance regression testing
- · Comparative evaluation of new platforms vs. old
- Effects of hardware and software upgrades
- OS kernel performance study
- Organized store to replace scattered files
- Sharing a single data store in collaborative studies





What do people want to store in PerfTrack?

- All Performance Experiment Artifacts
 - HW counter data, profile data, trace data, benchmark output
 - "Barry's World": create the graph, save the graph, save the steps to create the graph
 - Paradyn artifacts: Search History Graph, Call graph, performance data histograms
 - Data from all common tools -- OpenSpeedshop, TAU, etc.
 - As much description of the build and runtime environments as possible





Machine Data Collection

- "Automated System Environment Capture For PerfTrack"
 Capstone Project Team: Aaron Amauba, Dave Vu, Steve Wooster
- What to collect?
- When to collect?
- We already have this information... right??
- Who knows?
- · Device model number example
- Is the execution timestamp enough?





Machine Data Collection: Host System method

Idea

 Write scripts to run on the host system and directly measure the environment

Features

- Modular structure. User can specify tailor made modules for the system they are interested in.
- Can be run anytime. Just kick off the script.
- Allow the user to provide resource hierarchy information when a connection to the database is not available.

Status

- Currently implemented and tested for Linux





Machine Description -- Scaling Challenges

Automated Host Data Collection eliminates tedious manual entry

BUT

- When to scan? BG/L -- 100k+ nodes; update frequency ??
 - Per Execution?? Weekly? Daily? Hourly?
- Who scans?
 - Each researcher?
 - (requires running a "scan" program on each node, can be difficult to get these types of jobs scheduled by scheduler)
 - Do we really need all those copies??
- Delay in entry -> overwrite new data with old?? names??
- The best answer will involve lab support!





Collaborative Data Stores

- PERI-DB (Shirley Moore)
- Goal: Develop and deploy a data store for performance data sets of PERI project researchers
- Approach
 - Define PERI XML schema
 - Tools provide a mapping to/from PERI XML
- We extended our data collection scripts to output PERI xml
- In progress: translating PTdf <=> PERI xml
 - conversion of PTdf files to PERI xml
 - conversion of PERI xml files to PTdf
 - input of PERI xml to PerfTrack database
 - export of PERI xml from queries to PerfTrack database





Key Issues in Metadata Collection

- Rich Data Sets
 - build, platform, runtime environment, performance data
 - sparse data will impact results -- eg clustering
- Scalability
 - collection frequency: each run? each experiment? each user? each boot? each upgrade?
 - attributes for groups of resources
 - Time: when is new knowledge created?
 - new machine resource every year
 - attributes of machine resource change every few weeks
 - input data changes every few runs
 - runtime environment may change during one execution
 - diagnoses and comparative data during analysis





Key Issues in Metadata Collection

- Collaborative Data Stores
 - Need to map resources and results between local sites
- Porting difficulties
 - Commands for collecting metadata information vary from platform to platform
- Lack of common interfaces
 - e.g. file system software version information on Linux: Lustre vs GPFS





The PerfTrack Project

- http://www.llnl.gov/casc/perfTrack/
- http://www.cs.pdx.edu/~karavan/perftrack
- Karen Karavanic: <u>karavan@cs.pdx.edu</u> John May: <u>johnmay@llnl.gov</u>
- Karen L. Karavanic, John May, et al, "Integrating Database Technology with Comparison-based Parallel Performance Diagnosis: The PerfTrack Performance Experiment Management Tool," <u>SC2005, November</u> 2005, Seattle, WA.
- · Kathryn Mohror, Rashawn Knapp, Nagalaxmi Karumbunathan
- This research supported in part by UC/LLNL subcontract #B539302.
- Portions of this work were performed under the auspices of the U.S.
 Department of Energy by the University of California Lawrence Livermore
 National Laboratory under contract No. W-7405-Eng-48.
- Clustering interfaces: Thomas Conerly, Abraham Neben (Portland Saturday Academy Internship Program for high school students)
- PPerfGrid: John Hoffman (PSU masters thesis)
- Capstone Project: Aaron Amauba, Dave Vu, Steve Wooster (PSU undergraduate course)



