#### Sequoia Code Development Challenges and Tools Infrastructure

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Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

#### LLNL-PRES-562231

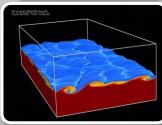
This work was performed under the auspices of the U.S. Department of Energy by Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory under Contract DE-AC52-07NA27344. Lawrence Livermore National Security, LLC

# We are on track to deliver Sequoia in 2012.

- Sequoia statistics
  - 20 petaFLOP/s target
  - Memory 1.5 PB, 4 PB/s bandwidth
  - 1.5M cores
  - 3 PB/s link bandwidth
  - 60 TB/s bi-section bandwidth
  - 0.5-1.0 TB/s Lustre bandwidth
  - 50 PB disk
- 9.6MW power, 4,000 ft<sup>2</sup>
- Third generation IBM BlueGene
- Challenges
  - Hardware scalability
  - Software scalability
  - Applications scalability

- Sequoia 20 petaFLOP/s
  - Deliveries completed on April 16
  - Unclassified science throughout 2012
  - Acceptance: September 2012
  - Classified: January 2013
  - Tri-lab production use follows





Acceptance Criteria:

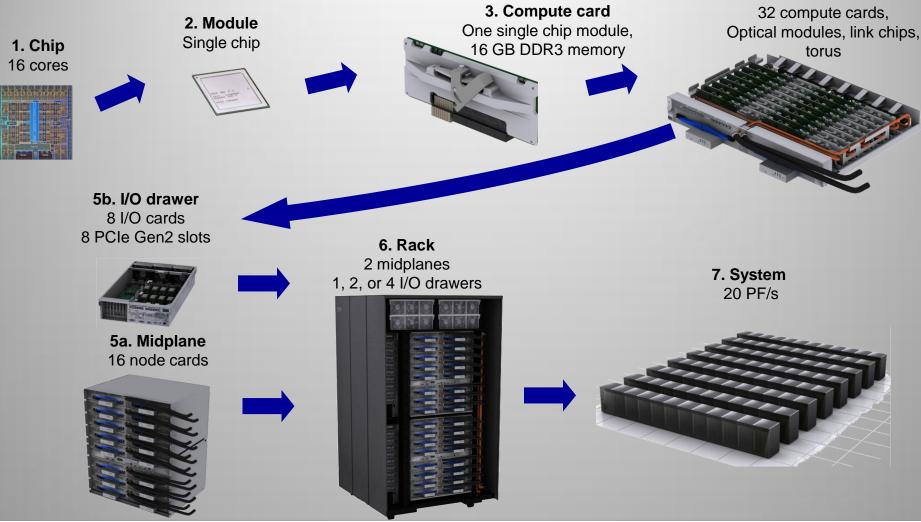
UQ: Run 24 simultaneous Purple-class Integrated Design Code calculations

while also running...

Weapons science: at 4 PF sustained



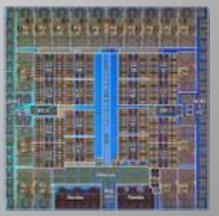
# Sequoia builds on 96 racks of the IBM Blue Gene /Q architecture. 4. Node card



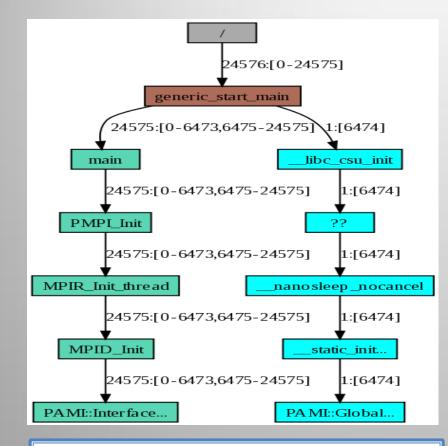


# Threading is key to BG/Q's energy efficiency and performance.

- Mitigates single-issue, in-order processor constraints
  - Four HW threads/core maximizes function unit utilization
  - Latency hiding
  - More opportunities than out-of-order execution
- Supported by new hardware features
  - 16 L2 instructions supporting fast barriers, work queues, etc.
  - Transactional memory
  - Speculative execution
- Works well with other BG/Q technologies
  - 4-wide SIMD unit
  - Prefetching



# **Problems that arise at large-scale are the rule rather than the exception.**

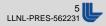


STAT showing an outliner on a hang with 393,216 cores on Sequoia.

• It took less than 5 minutes in resolving errors that occurred with 24 Sequoia racks.

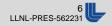
• Efficient mechanisms like STAT to diagnose and to fix Sequoia development challenges are key to success.

• Co-design of various BGQ tools interfaces such as CDTI has been essential to enabling those tools on Sequoia.

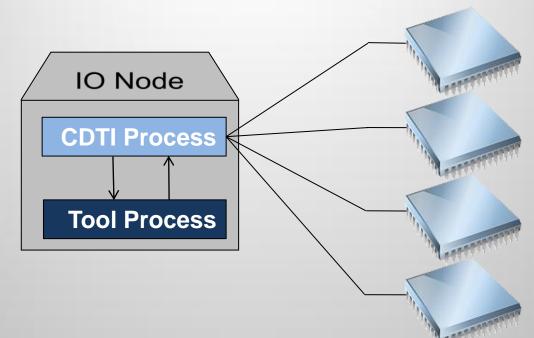


# **CDTI – Code Development and Tools Infrastructure**

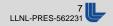
- Standard Debugging Operations
- New Types of Capabilities:
  - Scalability
  - Call Stack Unwinding
  - File IO
  - Multi-tool Support
  - Tool Launching



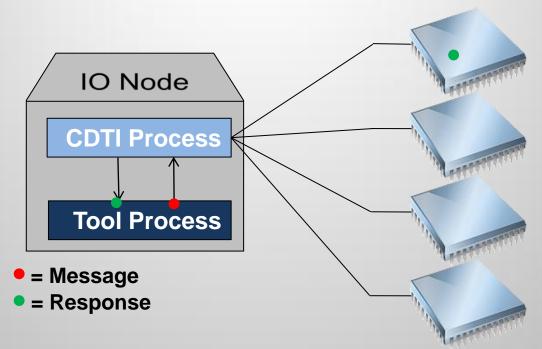
#### **Architecture and Scalability**



- 3rd Party Tools run on IO-Node
  - Linux
  - Network Connectivity
  - Away from application



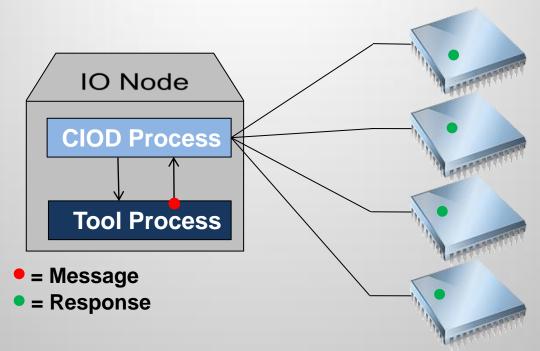
#### **Architecture and Scalability**



- Message Interface between Tool and CN
  - Packages 16 commands into each message
  - Commands: Debug Operations, Stackwalks, File IO, ...
- Asynchronous communication

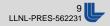


#### **Architecture and Scalability**

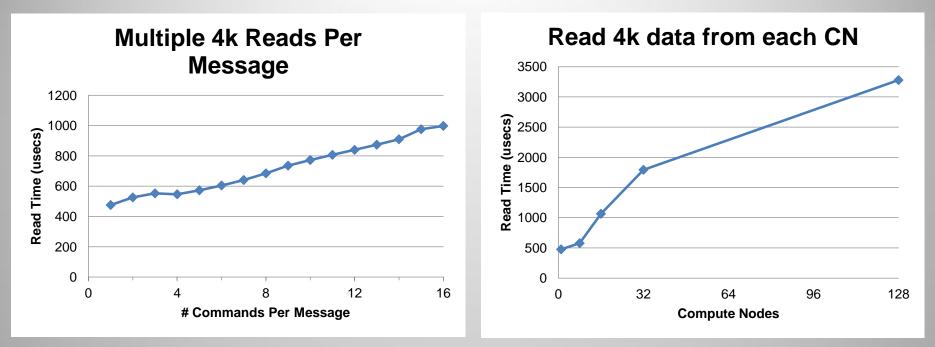


- Asynchronous Communication allows parallelism
  - IO Node/Process ratio: 1:2048 (common),

1:8192 (theoretical max)



#### **Parallel Performance**



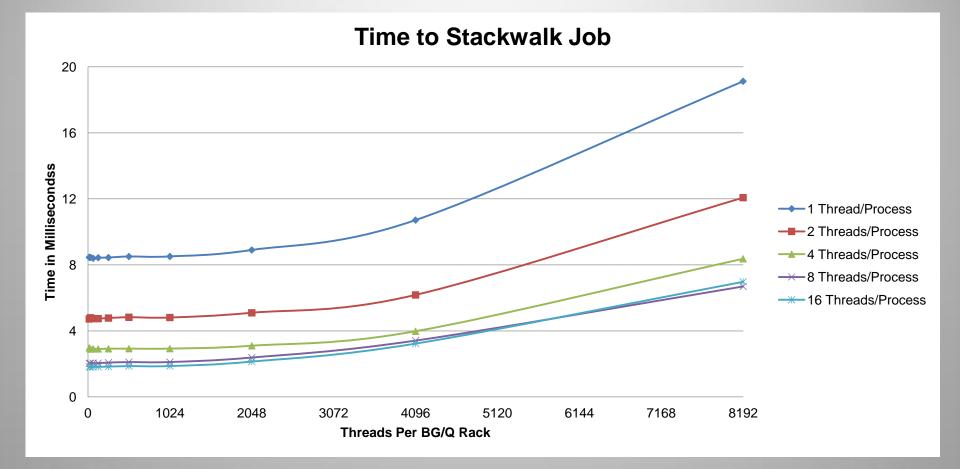
Cost to send 16 commands per message only x2 cost to send 1. Cost to read from 128 CNs only x7 cost to read from 1 CN.

# **Stack Unwinding via CDTI**

- Single command to collect call stack
  - CNK collects call stack, returns it via CDTI.
  - Lower latency than traditional: pause, read register, read mem, read mem, read mem, ...
- Uses basic stack walking techniques
  - No DWARF or binary analysis
- Trade off: Scalability vs. Accuracy



### **Stack Unwinding Performance**



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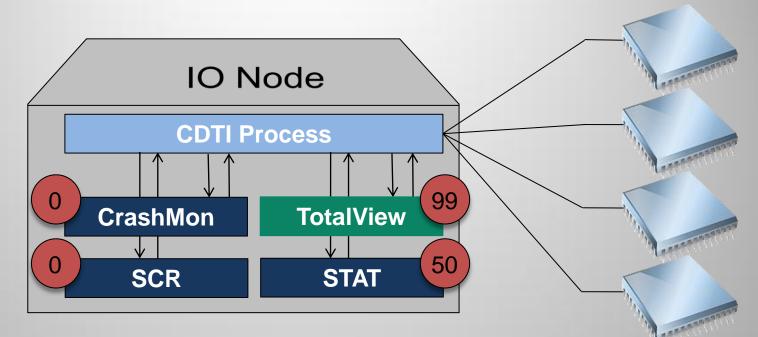


## **Ramdisk IO**

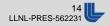
- Asynchronous File Reads
  - Read file data, stat files, get directory contents.
  - Peak read speed of ~2GB/Sec

- Useful for getting data off CN's ramdisk
  - Trace data
  - Checkpoint data (current plans for SCR)

#### **Multi-Tool Support**



- Attach up to Four Tools at once
- Each Tool has Priority 0-99
  - Highest priority tool has Control Authority
  - Other tools have read access



#### **Operations Available**

**Control Authority** 

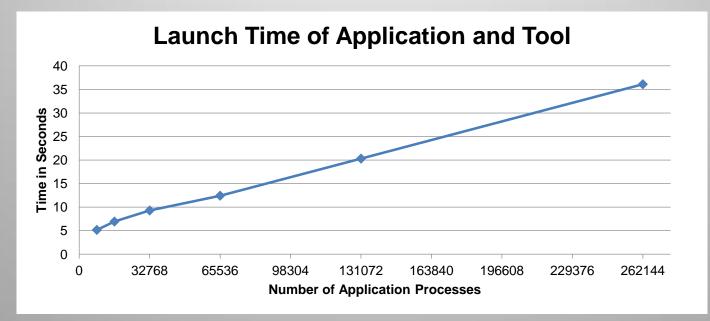
- •Receive Events
- •Stop/Continue Threads
- Install Breakpoints
- •Allocate/Free Memory
- •Send/Manage Signals
- •Write Memory
- •Write Registers

Read Access •Get Thread Data (inc. Callstack) •Get Process Data •Ramdisk IO •Read Memory •Read Registers

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### **Job Launch**

- Launches Tools via MPIR and start\_tool
  - MPIR provides app's process table
  - start\_tool runs processes on IO-Node





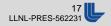
# **CDTI Status**

- Supported by ProcControlAPI and LaunchMON tool components.
- Used by TotalView

Interface Available from IBM Redbook:
 Blue Gene/Q Code Development and Tools Interface

at

http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/redpieces/abstracts/redp4659.html

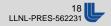


#### **Transactional Memory and Speculative Execution**

Expect shift towards threading in BG/Q

#### New BG/Q Hardware Features

- Transactional Memory
  - Synchronization mechanism, alternative to lock
- Speculative Execution
  - Auto-parallelization of loops



### **Transactional Memory**

- Fast Synchronization Primitive
  - Allows multiple threads into critical region
  - Dynamically detect and roll back conflicts
  - Low overhead in no conflict case
- Ideal when conflicts are non-zero, but rare.

#### Locks:

```
//Remove element from list
lock()
elem = head;
head = head->next;
unlock();
```

#### TM:

```
//Remove element from list
#pragma tm_atomic
{
    elem = head;
    head = head->next;
}
```



## **Speculative Execution**

- Auto-parallelize loops
  - Breaks loops into tasks
  - Runs tasks in parallel
  - Auto-detects dependencies between tasks
- Ideal when there are some conflicts, but not too many.

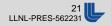
#### SE:

```
#pragma speculative for private(i) schedule (static)
for (i=0; i < num_regions; i++) {
  regions[i] = update_region(i);
}</pre>
```



# **SE and TM Performance Questions**

- What critical sections in my code would benefit from TM?
- Are my TM regions performing well?
- What loops would benefit from SE?
- Are my SE loops performing well?



## **TM/SE Performance Counters**

- TM/SE Counters
  - Transactions/Commits
  - Retries
  - Serializations

Details forthcoming



# Summary

- Sequoia brings in new challenges and capabilities.
  - BGQ CDTI provides new kinds of functionality for tools.
  - Need tool support for TM/SE.

#### Users need our help!

