

Wrapper Wrap Up

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Major Issues with Wrapping

- **Semantic details about wrapped libraries**
 - How to specify semantics in a metadata file?
 - How to standardize this data?
- **Template languages to describe wrapping**
 - Basic syntax (personal preference)
 - How to develop language constructs to leverage semantics
- **Mechanisms for function interception**
 - Need a common interface in generated code
 - Should support multiple backend interception methods
 - Binary rewriting
 - dlsym, etc.
 - Generating name shifted interfaces automatically

Expressing Library Semantics

- **Existing ways to do this:**

- Scalasca
 - XML file that gives information on parameters for MPI
- LLNL wrap.py
 - Some a priori semantic knowledge
 - Nothing standard yet

- **Proposals:**

- **Come up with some unified format for library function semantics**
 - First, support MPI semantics from existing formats.
 - In/Out parameters
 - Collectives
 - Parameter Types
- **Extend format to specify same types of information for other libraries**
- **Think about template language constructs to leverage these.**

Template Languages

- **LLNL, Scalasca languages not so different at this level**
 - Both only support MPI
 - LLNL uses braces, expression language
 - Scalasca uses C + pragmas
 - Leveraging of semantics is limited
- **Not clear there is a need to unify these**
 - Languages are essentially macro/template languages
 - Still evolving advanced features
 - Standardization at this level doesn't make much sense yet.
 - Let domain-specific languages, etc. evolve then reconsider
- **Talk again about unification once we have:**
 - Advanced language features to leverage semantics
 - Ways to wrap generic APIs

Mechanisms for function interception

- **Too many existing mechanisms for doing interception**
 - Name shifting
 - dlsym, other linker support
 - Generating code
 - Rewriting static binaries

- **Each of these is better in different environments:**
 - Static binaries
 - Dynamic binaries
 - Different compilers and link environments

- **Proposal: Generic interface in generated code, dyninst handles mechanism**
 1. **Generated code uses simple name shift interface**
 - Come up with a name shifting convention for calls
 2. **Dyninst backend converts this to convention for the particular environment**
 - Choose mechanism based on host machine