

An Overview of Trilinos: Packages for Parallel Formulation and Solution of Scientific and Engineering Problems

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Sandia is a multiprogram laboratory operated by Sandia Corporation, a Lockheed Martin Company,
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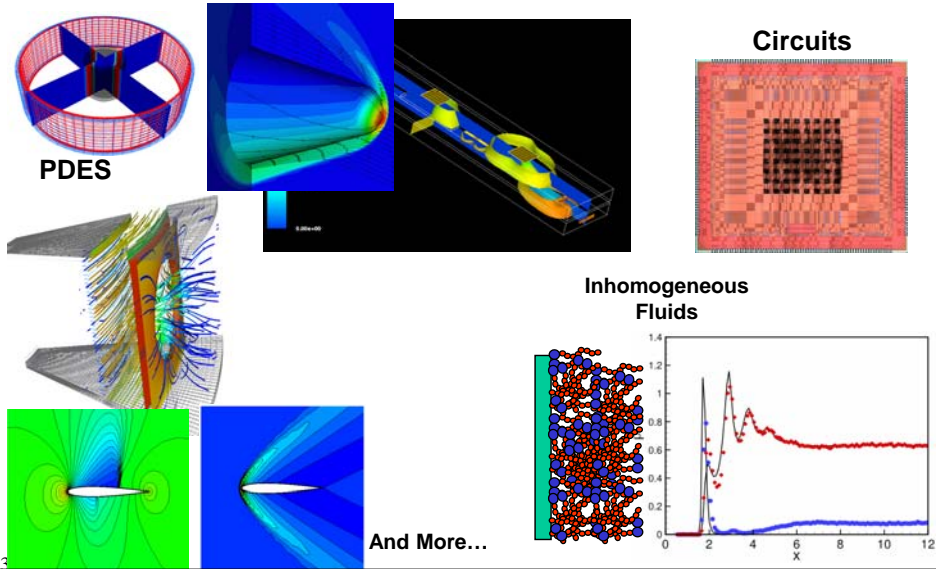
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Background/Motivation



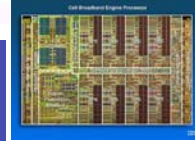
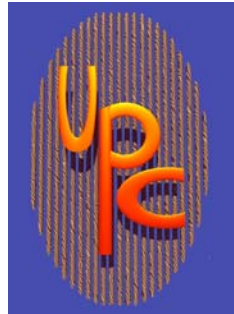
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Target Problems: PDES and more...



Target Platforms: Any and All (Now and in the Future)

- Desktop: Development and more...
- Capability machines:
 - ♦ Redstorm (XT3), Clusters
 - ♦ BG/L.
 - ♦ Large-count multicore nodes.
- Parallel software environments:
 - ♦ MPI of course.
 - ♦ UPC, CAF, threads, vectors,...
 - ♦ Combinations of the above.
- User “skins”:
 - ♦ C++/C, Python
 - ♦ Fortran.
 - ♦ Web, CCA.



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Motivation For Trilinos

- Sandia does LOTS of solver work.
- When I started at Sandia in May 1998:
 - ♦ Aztec was a mature package. Used in many codes.
 - ♦ FETI, PETSc, DSCPack, Spooles, ARPACK, DASPK, and many other codes were (and are) in use.
 - ♦ New projects were underway or planned in multi-level preconditioners, eigensolvers, non-linear solvers, etc...
- The challenges:
 - ♦ Little or no coordination was in place to:
 - Efficiently reuse existing solver technology.
 - Leverage new development across various projects.
 - Support solver software processes.
 - Provide consistent solver APIs for applications.
 - ♦ ASCI (now ASC) was forming software quality assurance/engineering (SQA/SQE) requirements:
 - Daunting requirements for any single solver effort to address alone.



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Evolving Trilinos Solution

- Trilinos¹ is an evolving framework to address these challenges:
 - ♦ Fundamental atomic unit is a *package*.
 - ♦ Includes core set of vector, graph and matrix classes (Epetra/Tpetra packages).
 - ♦ Provides a common abstract solver API (Thyra package).
 - ♦ Provides a ready-made package infrastructure (new_package package):
 - Source code management (cvs, bonsai).
 - Build tools (autotools).
 - Automated regression testing (queue directories within repository).
 - Communication tools (mailman mail lists).
 - ♦ Specifies requirements and suggested practices for package SQA.
- In general allows us to categorize efforts:
 - ♦ Efforts best done at the Trilinos level (useful to most or all packages).
 - ♦ Efforts best done at a package level (peculiar or important to a package).
 - ♦ **Allows package developers to focus only on things that are unique to their package.**

1. Trilinos loose translation: "A string of pearls"



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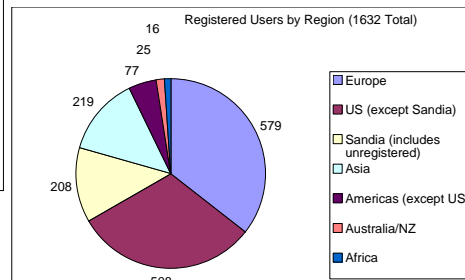
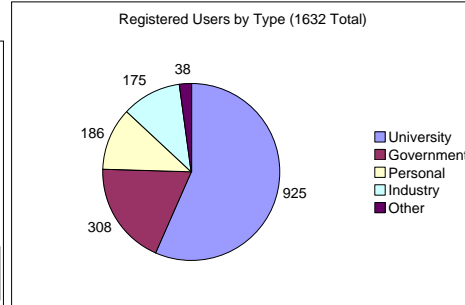
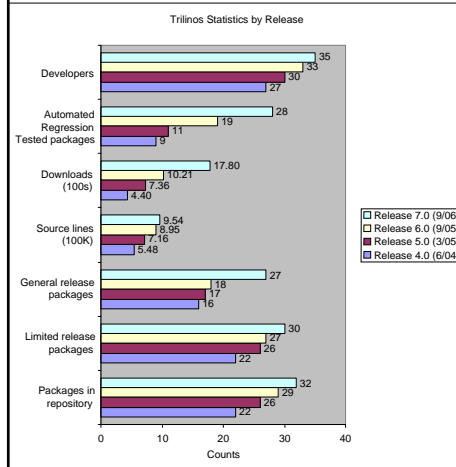
Continued Evolution

- New capabilities extend scope:
 - ♦ Sacado: AD Tools. (E. Phipps, D. Gay)
 - ♦ Entrepid: Discretizations (P. Bochev, D. Ridzal).
 - ♦ Others coming...
- Becoming more than just solvers.



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Trilinos Statistics



Stats: Trilinos Download Page 06/14/2007.

External Visibility



- Awards: R&D 100, HPC SW Challenge (04).
- www.cfd-online.com:



A project led by Sandia to develop an object-oriented software framework for scientific computations. This is an active project which includes several state-of-the-art solvers and lots of other nice things a software engineer writing CFD codes would find useful. Everything is freely available for download once you have registered. Very good!

- Industry Collaborations: Boeing, Goodyear, ExxonMobil.
- Linux distros: Debian, Mandriva.
- Star-P Interface.
- Over 4200 downloads since March 2005.
- Occasional unsolicited external endorsements such as the following two-person exchange on mathforum.org:
 - > The consensus seems to be that OO has little, if anything, to offer
 - > (except bloat) to numerical computing.
 I would completely disagree. A good example of using OO in numerics is Trilinos: <http://software.sandia.gov/trilinos/>



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Trilinos Presentation Forums

- ACTS “Hands-on” Tutorial:
 - ♦ Aug 21-23, 2007.
 - ♦ At Lawrence Berkeley Lab, Berkeley, CA, USA.
- Next Trilinos User Group Meeting:
 - ♦ Nov 6-8, 2007.
 - ♦ At Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, NM, USA.



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TOPS-2 Participation

- Trilinos new member of TOPS.
- Activities start July 2008.
- Looking for application partners.
- Preparation activities:
 - ♦ Interoperability with PETSc:
 - PETSc-Trilinos Data objects interoperable.
 - Interoperability at other levels in time.
 - ♦ Fortran 9X User Interface:
 - Support construction of matrices/vectors via OO Fortran interface.
 - Support selection of solvers and parameters via Fortran.
 - ♦ Attend meetings like this one.



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Trilinos Package Concepts

Package: The Atomic Unit



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Trilinos Packages

- Trilinos is a collection of *Packages*.
- Each package is:
 - ♦ Focused on important, state-of-the-art algorithms in its problem regime.
 - ♦ Developed by a small team of domain experts.
 - ♦ Self-contained: No explicit dependencies on any other software packages (with some special exceptions).
 - ♦ Configurable/buildable/documented on its own.
- Sample packages: NOX, AztecOO, ML, IFPACK, Meros.
- Special package collections:
 - ♦ Petra (Epetra, Tpetra, Jpetra): Concrete Data Objects
 - ♦ Thyra: Abstract Conceptual Interfaces
 - ♦ Teuchos: Common Tools.
 - ♦ New_package: Jumpstart prototype.



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Objective	Package(s)	Trilinos Package Summary
Linear algebra objects	Epetra, Jpetra, Tpetra	
Krylov solvers	AztecOO, Belos, Komplex	
ILU-type preconditioners	AztecOO, IFPACK	
Multilevel preconditioners	ML, CLAPS	Basic Linear Algebra classes
Eigenvalue problems	Anasazi	Block Krylov Methods:
Block preconditioners	Meros	Linear: CG, GMRES
Direct sparse linear solvers	Amesos	Scalable: OBPCG, block Davidson,
Direct dense solvers	Epetra, Teuchos, Pliris	3 rd Party Direct Solver Package.
Abstract interfaces	Thyra	Abstract Interfaces.
Nonlinear system solvers	NOX, LOCA	
Time Integrators/DAEs	Rythmos	
C++ utilities, (some) I/O	Teuchos, EpetraExt, Kokkos	
Trilinos Tutorial	Didasko	
“Skins”	PyTrilinos, WebTrilinos, Star-P, Stratimikos	
Optimization	MOOCHO, Aristos	
Archetype package	NewPackage	
Others	Galeri, Isorropia, Moertel, RTOp, Sacado	

Full “Vertical” Solver Coverage		Trilinos Packages
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Optimization Problems: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unconstrained: Find $u \in \mathfrak{R}^n$ that minimizes $f(u)$ Constrained: Find $y \in \mathfrak{R}^m$ and $u \in \mathfrak{R}^n$ that minimizes $f(y,u)$ s.t. $c(y,u) = 0$ 		MOOCHO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transient Problems: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DAEs/ODEs: Solve $f(\dot{x}(t), x(t), t) = 0$ $t \in [0, T]$, $x(0) = x_0$, $\dot{x}(0) = x'_0$ for $x(t) \in \mathfrak{R}^n$, $t \in [0, T]$ 		Rythmos
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nonlinear Problems: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nonlinear equations: Given nonlinear op $c(x, u) \in \mathfrak{R}^{n+m} \rightarrow \mathfrak{R}^n$ Solve $c(x) = 0$ for $x \in \mathfrak{R}^n$ Stability analysis: For $c(x, u) = 0$ find space $u \in U \ni \frac{\partial c}{\partial x}$ singular 		NOX LOCA
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implicit Linear Problems: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Linear equations: Given linear ops (matrices) $A, B \in \mathfrak{R}^{m \times n}$ Solve $Ax = b$ for $x \in \mathfrak{R}^n$ Eigen problems: Solve $Av = \lambda Bv$ for (all) $v \in \mathfrak{R}^n$, $\lambda \in \mathfrak{R}$ 		AztecOO, Belos, Ifpack, ML, etc. Anasazi
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Explicit Linear Problems: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Matrix/graph equations: Compute $y = Ax$; $A = A(G)$; $A \in \mathfrak{R}^{m \times n}$, $G \in \square^{m \times n}$ Vector problems: Compute $y = \alpha x + \beta w$; $\alpha = \langle x, y \rangle$; $x, y \in \mathfrak{R}^n$ 		Epetra, Tpetra

New in Trilinos 8.0

- Sacado (E. Phipps, D. Gay) AD tools via templated types:
 - ♦ Write residual evaluation using template scalar type.
 - ♦ Get Jacobian “for free.”
- Belos (H. Thornquist, M. Parks) Block Krylov Linear solvers:
 - ♦ Block CG.
 - ♦ Block GMRES:
 - Modular implementation: e.g., orthogonalization interface, several adapters.
 - All BLAS 3 kernels.
 - ♦ Pseudo-Block GMRES:
 - Synch’ed independent GMRES’s.
 - BLAS 3 SpMM, SpSM.
 - ♦ Single RHS GCRO-DR: Recycling GMRES:
 - Useful for sequences of systems: $A^i x^i = b^i$, $i = 1, \dots$
- Aristos (D. Ridzal) Nonlinear continuous optimization package :
 - ♦ Based on full-space SQP methods.
 - ♦ Specifically designed for large-scale constrained optimization problems with inexact linearized constraint equations solves.



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Managing Parallel Data

The Petra Object Model



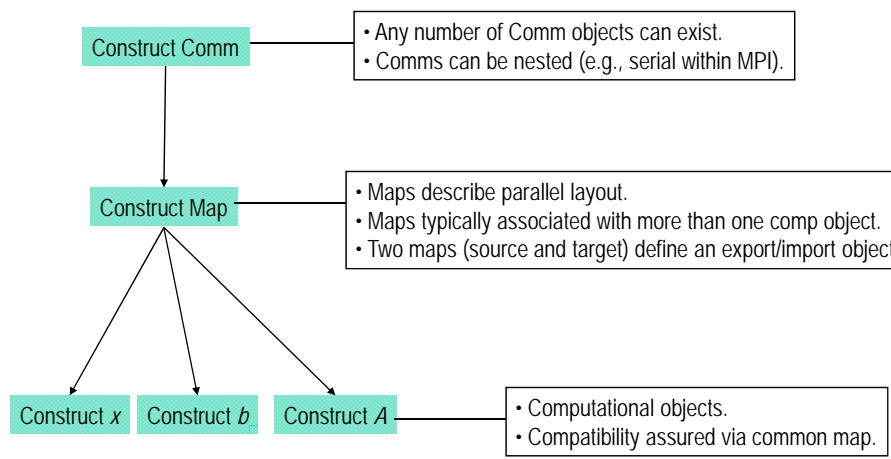
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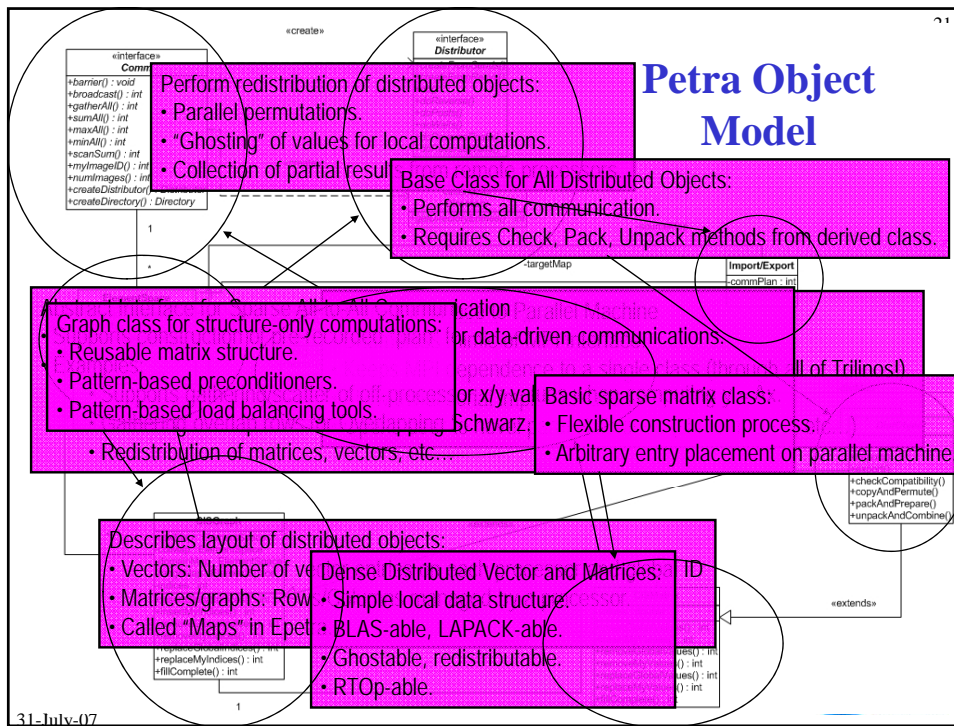
A Simple Epetra/AztecOO Program


<pre>// Header files omitted... int main(int argc, char *argv[]) { MPI_Init(&argc,&argv); // Initialize MPI, MpiComm Epetra_MpiComm Comm(MPI_COMM_WORLD); // ***** Map puts same number of equations on each pe ***** int NumMyElements = 1000 ; Epetra_Map Map(-1, NumMyElements, 0, Comm); int NumGlobalElements = Map.NumGlobalElements(); // ***** Create an Epetra_Matrix tridiag(-1,2,-1) ***** Epetra_CrsMatrix A(Copy, Map, 3); double negOne = -1.0; double posTwo = 2.0; for (int i=0; i<NumMyElements; i++) { int GlobalRow = A.GRID(i); int RowLess1 = GlobalRow - 1; int RowPlus1 = GlobalRow + 1; if (RowLess1!= -1) A.InsertGlobalValues(GlobalRow, 1, &negOne, &RowLess1); if (RowPlus1!=NumGlobalElements) A.InsertGlobalValues(GlobalRow, 1, &negOne, &RowPlus1); A.InsertGlobalValues(GlobalRow, 1, &posTwo, &GlobalRow); } A.FillComplete(); // Transform from GIDs to LIDs</pre>	<pre>// ***** Create x and b vectors ***** Epetra_Vector x(Map); Epetra_Vector b(Map); b.Random(); // Fill RHS with random #s // ***** Create Linear Problem ***** Epetra_LinearProblem problem(&A, &x, &b); // ***** Create/define AztecOO instance, solve ***** AztecOO solver(problem); solver.SetAztecOption(AZ_precond, AZ_Jacobi); solver.Iterate(1000, 1.0E-8); // ***** Report results, finish ***** cout << "Solver performed " << solver.NumIters() << " iterations." << endl << "Norm of true residual = " << solver.TrueResidual() << endl; MPI_Finalize(); return 0; }</pre>
--	---

Typical Flow of Epetra Object Construction

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- ## Petra Implementations
- Three version under development:
 - **Epetra** (Essential Petra):
 - ♦ Current production version.
 - ♦ Restricted to real, double precision arithmetic.
 - ♦ Uses stable core subset of C++ (circa 2000).
 - ♦ Interfaces accessible to C and Fortran users.
 - **Tpetra** (Templated Petra):
 - ♦ Next generation C++ version.
 - ♦ Templated scalar and ordinal fields.
 - ♦ Uses namespaces, and STL: Improved usability/efficiency.
 - **Jpetra** (Java Petra):
 - ♦ Pure Java. Portable to any JVM.
 - ♦ Interfaces to Java versions of MPI, LAPACK and BLAS via interfaces.
- 
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Epetra Performance Optimization Guide

SAND2005-1668

- Topics:
 - ♦ 3rd Party Libraries: BLAS and LAPACK
 - ♦ Epetra_MultiVector Data Layout
 - ♦ Epetra_CrsGraph Construction
 - ♦ Epetra_CrsMatrix Construction
 - ♦ Selecting the Right Sparse Matrix Class
 - ♦ Parallel Data Redistribution
 - ♦ General Practices
- Tiered Approach to practices.



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Practice Categories

Each practice falls into one of three categories:

VSR

Very Strongly Recommended - Practices necessary for Epetra to perform well.

SR

Strongly Recommended - Practices that are definitely a good thing or that have proved to be valuable.

R

Recommended - Practices that are probably a good idea.



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Data Model Wrap-Up

- Our target apps and computer platforms require flexible data model.
- Petra Object Model (POM) supports:
 - ♦ Arbitrary placement of vector, graph, matrix entries on parallel machine.
 - ♦ Arbitrary redistribution, ghosting and collection of distributed data.
 - ♦ Coarse-grain abstraction for key objects.
- This flexibility is needed by LALs:
 - ♦ Algebraic and multi-level preconditioners.
 - ♦ Concrete distributed matrix kernels.
 - ♦ Direct methods.
- Also needed for future architectures: Multicore, GPUs, CELL, etc.
- Also needed for future parallel languages & libraries: UPC, CAF, etc.
- Final Notes:
 - ♦ POM is complex: BUT Non-LALs (ANAs) do not rely on it.
 - ♦ Parallel Data Redistribution is a huge topic I must skip for this talk (ask about it at break if interested).



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Templates and Generic Programming



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Investment in Generic Programming

- 2nd Generation Trilinos packages are templated on:
 - ♦ OrdinalType (think **int**).
 - ♦ ScalarType (think **double**).
- Examples:


```
Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix<int, double> A;
Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix<short, float> B;
```
- Scalar/Ordinal Traits mechanism completes support for genericity.
- The following packages support templates:

Teuchos (Basic Tools)
 Thyra (Abstract Interfaces)
 Tpetra (including MPI support)
 Belos (Krylov and Block Krylov Linear),
 IFPACK (algebraic preconditioners, next version),
 Anasazi (Eigensolvers),
 Sacado (AD),
 MOOCHO(Optimization)



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Potential Benefits of Templated Types

Templated scalar (and ordinal) types have great potential:

- Generic: Algorithms expressed over abstract field.
- High Performance: Partial template specialization + Fortran.
- Facilitate variety of algorithmic studies.
- Allow study of asymptotic behavior of discretizations.
- Facilitate debugging: Reduces FP error as source error.
- UQ, QMU studies.
- Use your imagination...
- All new Trilinos packages are templated.
- Dark side: Compilation times can soar (but don't have to).



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Other Interface Packages: “Skins”

PyTrilinos, WebTrilinos, ForTrilinos



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PyTrilinos

- PyTrilinos provides Python access to Trilinos packages.
- Uses SWIG to generate bindings.
- Epetra, AztecOO, Galeri, IFPACK, ML, NOX, LOCA, Teuchos, Thyra, Anasazi, Amesos and NewPackage are support.
- Possible to:
 - ♦ Define RowMatrix implementation in Python.
 - ♦ Use from Trilinos C++ code.
- Performance for large grain is equivalent to C++.
- Several times hit for very fine grain code.



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```

#include "mpi.h"
#include "Epetra_MpiComm.h"
#include "Epetra_Vector.h"
#include "Epetra_Time.h"
#include "Epetra_RowMatrix.h"
#include "Epetra_CrsMatrix.h"
#include "Epetra_Time.h"
#include "Epetra_LinearProblem.h"
#include "Trilinos_Util_CrsMatrixGallery.h"
using namespace Trilinos_Util;
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
  MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
  Epetra_MpiComm Comm(MPI_COMM_WORLD);
  int nx = 1000;
  int ny = 1000 * Comm.NumProc();
  CrsMatrixGallery Gallery("laplace_2d", Comm);
  Gallery.Set("ny", ny);
  Gallery.Set("nx", nx);
  Gallery.Set("problem_size", nx*ny);
  Gallery.Set("map_type", "linear");
  Epetra_LinearProblem* Problem =
    Gallery.GetLinearProblem();
  assert (Problem != 0);
  // retrieve pointers to solution (lhs), right-hand side (rhs)
  // and matrix itself (A)
  Epetra_MultiVector* lhs = Problem->GetLHS();
  Epetra_MultiVector* rhs = Problem->GetRHS();
  Epetra_RowMatrix* A = Problem->GetMatrix();
  Epetra_Time Time(Comm);
  for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i)
    A->Multiply(false, *lhs, *rhs);
  cout << Time.ElapsedTime() << endl;
  MPI_Finalize();
  return(EXIT_SUCCESS);
} // end of main()


```

C++ vs. Python: Equivalent Code

```


#!/usr/bin/env python
from PyTrilinos import Epetra, Triutils
Epetra.Init()
Comm = Epetra.PyComm()
nx = 1000
ny = 1000 * Comm.NumProc()
Gallery = Triutils.CrsMatrixGallery("laplace_2d",
  Comm)
Gallery.Set("nx", nx)
Gallery.Set("ny", ny)
Gallery.Set("problem_size", nx * ny)
Gallery.Set("map_type", "linear")
Matrix = Gallery.GetMatrix()
LHS = Gallery.GetStartingSolution()
RHS = Gallery.GetRHS()
Time = Epetra.Time(Comm)
for i in xrange(10):
  Matrix.Multiply(False, LHS, RHS)
print Time.ElapsedTime()
Epetra.Finalize()

```


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Web Interface

- Yet another Trilinos Package
- Supports:
 - ◆ Use of Trilinos via simple Web Editor
 - ◆ User or generated data sets.
 - ◆ Compilation and execution on webserver.



webtrilinos

Welcome to WebTrilinos!

This is the default home page of your personal installation of WebTrilinos. First, you have to fix a few things, and specify a few installation instructions.

- Check the [basic requirements](#).
- Go to the [setup page](#).
- Check the [testing](#).

Important note: Remember to add a password protection to the directories `webtrilinos/c++` and `webtrilinos/python`! Instruct [here](#).

At this point you can use your installation of WebTrilinos. Currently, WebTrilinos offers the following three modules:

1. [Matrix Portal](#): a guided problem solving environment (PSE) for the direct and iterative solution of sparse linear systems. You can upload your own problem, in Harwell/Boeing or XML format. MatrixPortal allows you to solve an arbitrary number of problem techniques.
2. [The C++ interface](#): a development environment for testing basic Trilinos programs, without having to install any Trilinos packages are included.
3. [The Python interface](#): as for the C++ interface, but for testing PyTrilinos. Examples of usage of PyTrilinos are included.

For more details, please check the official [WebTrilinos' web page](#).

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Sample Page

- Intended use:
 - Installation on departmental intranet.
 - Allows first time users easy access.
 - Supports “just-in-time” use of solvers.

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "C++ Code Page". At the top, there is a form with an "Insert template" dropdown menu, an "Insert" button, and a "Reset Code" button. Below this is a "Text area with" section containing a "20" value in a dropdown, a "column" label, and an "80" value in a dropdown, along with a "Redisplay" button. The main content area is titled "Please type your C++ code below." and contains a text editor with the following C++ code:

```
Epetra_Map* Map = CreateMap("Cartesian2D", Comm, GalerList);
Epetra_CrsMatrix* A = CreateCrsMatrix("Laplace2D", Map, GalerList);

// Build a linear system with trivial solution, using a random vector
// as starting solution.
Epetra_Vector LHS(*Map); LHS.Random();
Epetra_Vector RHS(*Map); RHS.PutScalar(0.0);

Epetra_LinearProblem Problem(A, &LHS, &RHS);

// As we wish to use Artec00, we need to construct a solver object
// for this problem
Artec00 solver(Problem);

// ----- begin of ML part -----

// create a parameter list for ML options
ParameterList MLList;

// Sets default parameters for classic smoothed aggregation. After this
```

Below the code editor are two buttons: "Run Code" and "Color Code". Underneath is a section titled "Compiler errors are reported below" with an empty text box. The next section is titled "The output of the code is reported below." and contains the following output:

```
-----
***
*** ML_Epetra::MultiLevelPreconditioner
***
Matrix has 64 rows and 288 nonzeros, distributed over 1 process(es)
The linear system matrix is an Epetra_CrsMatrix
Default values for 'SA'
Maximum number of levels = 5
```

The browser's status bar at the bottom shows "Done" and "Internet".

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Fortran Interface

- Presently Trilinos has no full-featured Fortran interface.
- Plans in place to develop OO Fortran 9X interface.
- Will Develop as part of SciDAC TOPS-2 effort.
- Interested in a target Fortran application for collaboration.

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Formal Software Engineering

CSE Software is not IT Software



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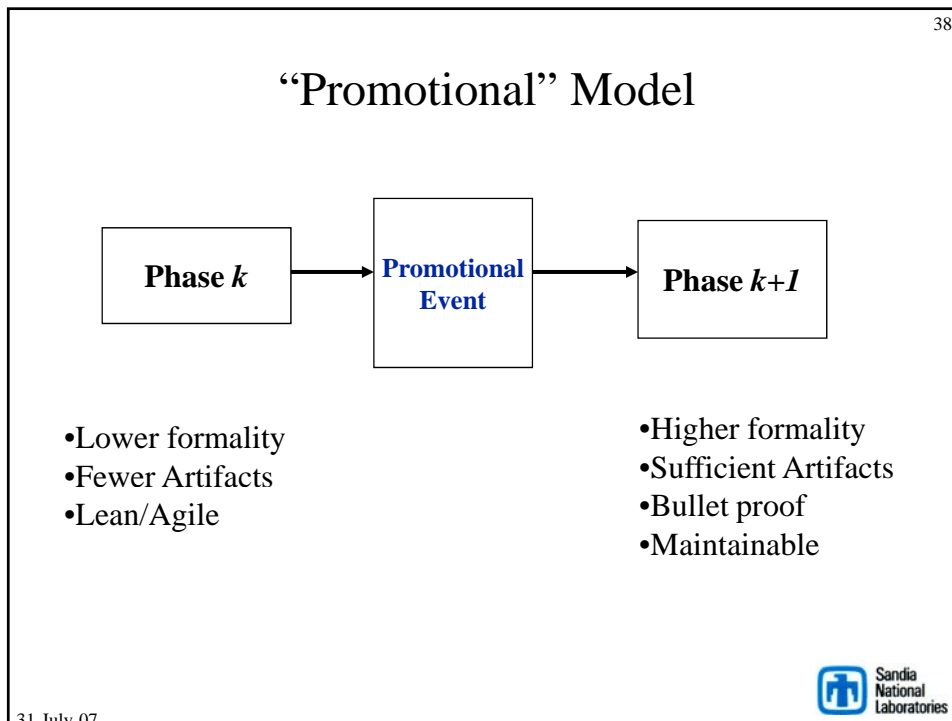
SQA/SQE

- Software Quality Assurance/Engineering is important.
- Not sufficient to say, “We do a good job.”
- Trilinos facilitates SQA/SQE development/processes for packages:
 - ♦ 10 of 30 ASC SQE practices are directly handled by Trilinos (no requirements on packages).
 - ♦ Trilinos provides infrastructure support for the remaining 20.
 - ♦ Trilinos Dev Guide Part II: Specific to ASC requirements.
 - ♦ Trilinos software engineering policies provide a ready-made infrastructure for new packages.
 - ♦ Trilinos philosophy:
Few *requirements*. Instead mostly *suggested practices*. Provides package with option to provide alternate process.



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Trilinos Service	SQA Practices Impact
Yearly Trilinos User Group Meeting (TUG) and Developer Forum: Once a year gathering for tutorials, package feature updates, user/developer requirements discussion and developer training.	— All Requirements steps: gathering, derivation, documentation, feasibility, etc. — User and Developer training.
Monthly Trilinos leaders meetings: Trilinos leaders, including package development leaders, key managers, funding sources and other stakeholders participate in monthly phone meetings to discuss any timely issues related to the Trilinos Project.	— Developer Training. — Design reviews. — Policy decisions across all development phases.
Trilinos and package mail lists: Trilinos lists for leaders, announcements, developers, users, checkins and similar lists at the package level support a variety of communication. All lists are archived, providing critical artifacts for assessments and audits.	— Developer/user/client communication. — Requirements/design/testing artifacts. — Announcement/documenting of releases.
Trilinos and Trilinos3PL source repositories: All source code, development and user documentation is retained and tracked. In addition, reference versions of all external software, including BLAS, LAPACK, Umfpack, etc. are retained in Trilinos3PL.	— Source management. — Versioning. — Third-party software management.
Bugzilla Products: Each package has its own Bugzilla Product with standard components.	— Requirements/faults capturing and tracking.
Trilinos configure script and M4 macros: The Trilinos configure script and related macros support portable installation of Trilinos and its packages	— Portability. — Software release.
Trilinos test harness: Trilinos provides a base testing plan and automated testing across multiple platforms, plus creation of testing artifacts. Test harness results are used to derive a variety of metrics for SQA.	— Pre-checkin and regression testing. — Software metrics.



Trilinos Software Lifecycle Model

- Three phases:
 - ♦ Research.
 - ♦ Production Growth.
 - ♦ Production Maintenance.
- Each phase contains its own lifecycle model.
- Promotional events:
 - ♦ Required for transition from one phase to next.
 - ♦ Signify change in behaviors and attitude.
- Phase assigned individually to each package.

Willenbring, J. M., Heroux, M. A., and Heaphy, R. T. 2007. The Trilinos Software Lifecycle Model. In *Proceedings of the 3rd International Workshop on Software Engineering For High Performance Computing Applications* (May 20 - 26, 2007). International Conference on Software Engineering. IEEE Computer Society, Washington, DC, 6.



A Few More Useful Things



Stratimikos

- New package in Trilinos 7.0.
- Single point of access to Trilinos preconditioners/solvers:
 - ♦ Uniform interface to all preconditioners.
 - ♦ Uniform interface to all solvers, linear and non-linear.
 - ♦ Selection of preconditioner/solver via parameter list.
- Simplest way to access the suite of Trilinos capabilities
- Simple driver code available on website.



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Dynamic External Package Support

- New directory Trilinos/packages/external.
- Supports seamless integration of externally developed packages via package registration.
- Your package: “WorldsBestPreconditioner”
 - ♦ Understands configure/make.
 - ♦ Can have its own options: --enable-superfast-mode
- Copy source into Trilinos/packages/external.
- In Trilinos/packages/external, type:
./CustomizeExternal.csh WorldsBestPreconditioner
- Build Trilinos in the usual way using configure/make.
 - ♦ Include arguments such as --enable-superfast-mode: They will be passed down to your package.



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Didasko

The Trilinos Tutorial Package

- Trilinos is large (and still growing...)
 - ♦ More than 900K code lines
 - ♦ Many packages
 - a lot of functionalities...
 - ... and also a lot to learn
- Trilinos tutorial is also delivered as a package: Didasko.



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What DIDASKO is not

- DIDASKO, as a tutorial, cannot cover the most advanced features of Trilinos:
 - ♦ Only the “stable” features are covered
- DIDASKO is **not** a substitute of each package’s documentation and examples, which remain of fundamental importance



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Covered Packages

- At present, we cover

Epetra	Triutils	IFPACK
Teuchos	AztecOO	ML
NOX	Amesos	EpetraExt
Anasazi	Tpetra	



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Some Upcoming Efforts

- Exploiting new architecture opportunities:
 - Multicore especially.
- Redefining the scope of Trilinos beyond solvers:
 - CSE enabling technologies distribution.
- Expanding accessibility:
 - Fortran Interfaces.
 - Easier installation (esp. on Windows).



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Challenges

- Support and perfective maintenance of existing software:
 - ♦ Presently done through growth, changes in system architecture.
 - ♦ Not sustainable long term.
- Adaptation of software engineering research to CSE software.
 - ♦ Imposition of standard IT approach worse than ineffective.
 - ♦ Must have counter-proposals of our own.



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Trilinos Availability/Information

- Trilinos and related packages are available via LGPL.
- Current release (7.0) is “click release”. Unlimited availability.
- Trilinos Release 8: September 2007.
- More information:
 - ♦ <http://trilinos.sandia.gov>
 - ♦ <http://software.sandia.gov>
 - ♦ Additional documentation at my website:
<http://www.cs.sandia.gov/~mheroux>.
- 5th Annual Trilinos User Group Meeting: November 6-8, 2007
at
Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, NM, USA.



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Summary

- Trilinos is a large, growing, modular software delivery framework:
 - ♦ Some initial investment in understanding design is typical (especially if unfamiliar with C++, configure/make, OO principles)
 - ♦ Modularity allows focusing on your scope of interest.
- Interested in new collaborations.

